The people are too truly, and loudly complaining, on either side. W. Wise will demand, from the Excise of Ohio and N. York, the declaration that their State, South or North, has or has not, any such power as to what shall be considered of them and their respective States. It shall not be determined by the Virginia convention, nor by the notion of the present set of the Commonwealth. A most pernicious and evil idea to the Constitution of the United States, and to the present Union.

"A bill to the best of our ability, to prevent the importation of slaves into the United States, and to prevent the sale or purchase of slaves within the United States, shall be passed by the Congress of the United States, and be in full force and effect, until the year 1820."
The public are daily conjecturing whether or not Gov. Wise will demand from the Executive of Ohio and New York the bodies of Gerrit Smith, Giddings, and others, who may be implicated in the Harper's Ferry affair, and operations are indulged as to what will be the course of these Governors, and as to the probable results of a refusal on their part to deliver up such citizens of their respective States as individuals may be found against by the Virginia authorities for aiding and abetting the recent act of invasion of that Commonwealth. A brief reference to the provisions of the Federal Constitution may assist in determining the matter.

That instrument provides that "no person convicted in any State of treason, felony, or other crime, who shall have fled from justice, and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime." This clause evidently contemplate that the party charged must have fled out of the State making the demand, and if this construction is correct, there is no at all to be discovered by which Gov. Wise can obtain the bodies of Smith, Giddings, and others, who were implicated in the Harper's Ferry affair and may be tried by the State of New York, Ohio, and other States where their crime was committed. Our Government may take the matter in hand, and arraign them for aiding, abetting, and encouraging the prohibited operations, and the Constitution of the United States property.

We are both to believe that no Northern jury, impartially selected, would find these men not guilty, if sufficient testimony can be adduced to establish their guilt. The mass of the slave holding men of the South are determined to detect the crime of Brown as heretically as Southern men do, and would not fail in doing their duty. They may honestly believe that slavery not only retards the moral advancement of the country, but is a great social evil, but they certainly do not justify murder, arson, rape, and other necessary constituents of such a general insurrection as Brown and his compatriots are endeavoring to execute, but in which the faithful slaves have part, and of which they testified their abhorrence.