The Daily Payne.

BROWNS FORAY.

Now that John Brown's fancy over Virginia is over and the surrounding ringmasters of the South have seen the blow which has greatly enhanced the South continue to grow and increase in the North.

The event has caused a stir in the South, as it was widely believed that the success of the movement could be averted, but the result has been a one-sided victory, with the南方 states suffering a severe loss in their resources.

The reaction to the news was swift and violent, with many localities breaking out in riots and demonstrations against the Northern States. The Southerners see this as a clear indication of their inferiority and feel that they have been left behind in the race for power and wealth.

The Northern States, however, are not satisfied with the outcome and are preparing for a countermove. They believe that the South cannot hold out for long and are already making plans for the eventual annexation of the South into the Union.

The European powers, on the other hand, are watching the developments with great interest, as they see it as an opportunity to expand their influence in the region. They are already in contact with the leaders of both sides, trying to play them off against each other and gain a foothold in the region.

In conclusion, the battle for control of the Southern States is far from over, and the outcome is anyone's guess. The Northern States are determined to hold on to their gains, while the Southern States are equally determined to resist and regain their former glory.

The French, on the other hand, are hoping to profit from the situation by expanding their influence in the region. They are already in contact with the leaders of both sides, trying to play them off against each other and gain a foothold in the region.

In conclusion, the battle for control of the Southern States is far from over, and the outcome is anyone's guess. The Northern States are determined to hold on to their gains, while the Southern States are equally determined to resist and regain their former glory.
The mind of the North is, therefore, more firmly stirred than it was ever before on such themes. The pulpit is abused to the aid of the seditionists, but the press comes up in many quarters boldly to the rescue of the truth. Every Sabbath some preacher of a faith, not founded on the Gospel, is put into a fixed and invadic- fore a persecuted martyr. But a large portion of the secular press raises the note of re- mosonstience against these desecrations of sacred things, and speaks manfully for justice, good faith, and order. The country wary hot, but the cause of the South is evidently gaining ground. The heart of the community revolts from the excesses into which they are misled into the crimes of the people, the desire to do no wrong to their faith, and live in harmony with their Southern brethren. They do not believe, in order to be the "irresponsible majority," which is proclaimed from high seats in North- ern councils: and we truly believe that if these "nonsectarian" considerations with which they have been mixed up, and men could be brought up to express their opinions on these topics, connected with the fate of political parties and the aspirations of political chieftains, the verdict would be an immense majority, for peace and fraternity.

There is a powerful effort going on in the Northern States to bring about this disconnection if possible, and if it cannot be done, to unite all conservative votes against that party which cherishes the idea of action sectional hostility to the social institutions of the South. If they cannot exterminate sectionalism from the creeds of party, there is a growing desire and determination and effort to war upon the party which adopts it.

The Gulf States have also been examined. There are no new efforts, and if we have to judge of the results of the pleadings of the wisest and most eloquent men of the North, in former days, for peace, we should operate among the realists with little hope that it will have better success. But facts and history are stronger than words, however fervently or earnestly spoken. They have a potency of argument which does not depend on the mere assertion of their greatness. It is, perhaps, the greatest need of our time, and all that we have to do is to understand and accept it as an element of the future. It is true that the war has been raging, and we are not to expect of it, are problems to be solved by the events of the war. But there is encouragement in the fact that the conservation of the North is more strongly asserted, and that the war has been growing in the confidence of the people, and what we are trying to do, is to build up the structures of self-government. The essence of what we are trying to do, is to build up the structures of self-government.