The Decision in the Supreme Court.—The decision just made in the Dred Scott case, an obscure negro who had been sold by his master in the State of Missouri to a Free State in the United States, is probably the most important that ever emanated from that highest tribunal of our country. It declares the Missouri Compromise Act of 1850 unconstitutional—that act which drew a slave line and a free line across the Territory of the Western States, prohibiting slavery colonization north of 36° 30'. This line Congress in 1850 refused to extend to the Pacific Ocean, and in 1852 repealed the act. We cannot, of course, on the single data furnished, judge of the ultimate influence of this decision. It is too recent to give any results except that it has far-reaching and far-reaching influence. We shall await with considerable interest, and while deferring to avoid any haste or unadvised remark, we cannot, in the meantime, refrain from expressing our gratification that this important question is at last before the most august tribunal of the land, which is in accordance with the great principle of popular sovereignty in regard to slavery in the Territories, and which the new light which time and circumstance have brought to that subject have previously interfered with the question of the Kansas-Nebraska bill of all legislative control by that body over slavery in the Territories. At present we cannot give any other facts in the cases as any other.